



# FREDERICK COUNTY PARKS & RECREATION FALL 2012 OFFICIAL RULE BOOK



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## I. Game

1. At the start of each game, captains from both teams shall meet at midfield for the coin toss to determine who shall start with the ball. The visiting team shall call the toss.
2. The winner of the coin toss has the choice of offense or defense. The loser of the coin toss has the choice of direction. Teams may not choose to defer to the second half.
3. The offensive team takes possession of the ball at its 5-yard line and has three (3) plays to cross midfield. Once a team crosses midfield, they have three (3) plays to score a touchdown.
4. If the offense fails to score, the ball changes possession and the new offensive team starts its drive on its own 5-yard line.
5. If the offensive team fails to cross midfield, possession of the ball changes and the opposition starts its drive from its own 5-yard line.
6. All possession changes, except interceptions, start on the offense's 5-yard line.
7. Teams change sides after the first half. Possession changes to the team that started the game on defense.

## II. Terminology

<b>Boundary Lines</b>	the outer perimeter lines around the field. They include the sidelines, and back of the end zone lines.
<b>Line Of Scrimmage</b>	(LOS) an imaginary line running through the point of the football and across the width of the field.
<b>Line-To-Gain</b>	the line the offense must pass to get a first down or score.
<b>Rush Line</b>	an imaginary line running across the width of the field 7 yards (into the defensive side) from the line of scrimmage.
<b>Offense</b>	the squad with possession of the ball.
<b>Defense</b>	the squad opposing the offense to prevent them from advancing the ball.
<b>Passer</b>	the offensive player that throws the ball and may or may not be the quarterback.
<b>Rusher</b>	the defensive player assigned to rush the quarterback to prevent him/her from passing the ball by pulling his/her flags or by blocking the pass.
<b>Possession</b>	the team having control of the ball and trying to score during a play or overall series of downs

<b>Downs (1-2-3)</b>	the offensive squad has three attempts or “downs” to advance the ball. They must cross the line to gain to get another set of downs or to score.
<b>Live Ball</b>	refers to the period of time that the play is in action. Generally used in regard to penalties, live ball penalties are considered part of the play and must be enforced before the down is considered complete.
<b>Dead Ball</b>	refers to the period of time immediately before or after a play.
<b>Whistle</b>	sound made by an official using a whistle that signifies the end of the play or a stop in the action for a timeout, half time, or the end of the game.
<b>Inadvertent Whistle</b>	official’s whistle that is performed in error.
<b>Charging</b>	the movement of the ball carrier directly at a defensive player who has established position on the field. This includes lowering the head, making contact with the defender with a shoulder, forearm, or the chest.
<b>Flag Guarding</b>	an act by the ball carrier to prevent a defender from pulling the ball carrier’s flags by stiff arm, lowering elbow or head, or by blocking access to the runner’s flags with a hand or arm.
<b>Shovel Pass</b>	a legal pass attempted beyond the line of scrimmage by throwing the ball underhand or pushing it towards a receiver in a shot put type manner.
<b>Lateral</b>	a backwards or sideways toss of the ball by the ball carrier. Laterals are not permitted in this league.
<b>Unsportsmanlike Conduct</b>	a rude, confrontational, or offensive behavior or language.

### III. Eligibility

1. All players’ legal guardians must agree to the online waiver form at NFLFLAG.com for their specific league before participating.

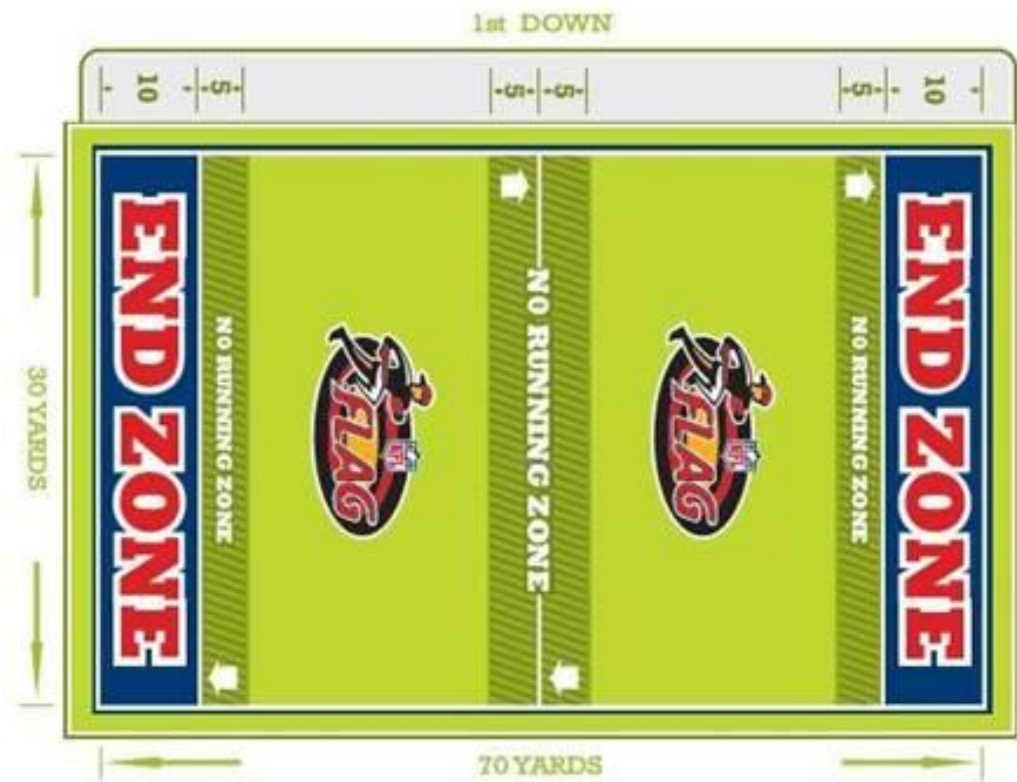
### IV. Equipment

1. The league provides each player with a flag belt and NFL FLAG powered by USA Football NFL jersey. Teams will use the football provided by their league.
2. Players must wear shoes. Cleats are allowed, however cleats with exposed metal are not allowed and must be removed.
3. Players may tape their forearms, hands and fingers. Players may wear gloves, elbow pads, and knee pads. Braces with exposed metals are not allowed.
4. Players must remove all watches, earrings and any other jewelry that the officials deem hazardous.

5. Official NFL FLAG powered by USA Football NFL jerseys must be worn during play.
6. Players' jerseys must be tucked into the pants if they hang below the belt line.
7. Pants or shorts with belt loops or pockets must be taped. Shorts must be of contrasting color to the flags. Officials may change the flag color for any children as needed.

## V. Field

1. The field dimensions are 30 yards by 70 yards with two 10-yard end zones, and a midfield line-to-gain. No-Run Zones precede each line-to-gain by 5 yards. However, field size may vary based on field availability for each league.
2. No-Run Zones are in place to prevent teams from conducting power run plays. While in the No-Run Zone (a 5 yard imaginary zone before midfield and endzones), teams cannot run the ball in any fashion. All plays must be pass plays, even with a handoff.
3. Stepping on the boundary line is considered out of bounds.
4. Each offensive squad approaches only TWO No-Run Zones in each drive (one zone 5 yards from midfield to gain the first down, and one zone 5 yards from the goal line to score a TD).



## VI. Rosters

1. Home teams wear dark color jerseys; visiting teams wear light color jerseys.
2. Teams must consist of at least five players, with a maximum of ten players.
3. Teams must start a game with a minimum of five players. In the event of an injury, a team with insufficient substitute players may play with four players on the field, but no fewer than four. If less than 4 players are fielded a scrimmage may be played. However, the team with less than 4 players has already forfeited the game.

## VII. Timing and Overtime

Games are played to 40, 50 or 60 minutes running time. (Subject to change)

**Fall 2012 Season (game times are subject to change from season to season)**

**5-6 age division games: (2) 20 minute halves / 7-8 age division games: (2) 25 minute halves**

**9-11 / 12-14 age division games (2) 30 minute halves**

If the score is tied at the end of regulation, teams move directly into overtime. The first team to score wins. **If time is allotted, only for 9-11 and 12-14 age divisions. Coin toss will determine possession.**

Each time the ball is spotted, a team has 30 seconds to snap the ball (only for the 9-11 & 12-14 age divisions). Teams will receive one warning before a delay-of-game penalty is enforced.

Each team has one 60-second and one 30-second time-out per half. Official will stop clock at their discretion. **During possession changes team will have a 30-second grace period to sub players in and out.**

1. Games are played on a 40, 50 or 60 minute continuous clock with two- 20, 25 or 30 minute halves depending on the age level (see above). The clock stops only for timeouts.
2. Halftime is one minute long.
3. Each time the ball is spotted, a team has 30 seconds to snap the ball. Teams will receive one warning before a delay-of-game penalty is enforced.
4. Each team has one 60-second time out per half.
5. Officials can stop the clock at their discretion.
6. In the event of an injury the clock will stop and then restart when the injured player is removed from the field of play.
7. An overtime (OT) Period will be used to determine a winner. OT format is as follows:
  - a. Each team gets one series of up to six plays (and possibly more pending penalty enforcement) starting from the team's 5 yard line.
    - i. First possession choice goes to the winner of regulation coin toss.
    - ii. There is no Sudden Death; each team gets a minimum of one possession.

- b. All regulation period rules and penalties are in effect.
- c. There are no time-outs.
- d. Each team will be scored based on yardage gained or points scored:
  - i. Yardage gained – each team will be given one complete series to drive the field as far as they can. The yardage gained will be noted by the official. The team with the most yards gained wins. If both teams score touchdowns and complete the same amount of points in conversions, the process is repeated.
    - 1. In the case of an interception, the ball will be marked at either the line of scrimmage or the point where the defender's flags were pulled, whichever is the more advantageous spot to the defense.
    - 2. If Team B intercepts the ball and returns it for a touchdown, Team B wins.
  - ii. Scoring – Same as regulation. The team with the most yards gained wins.
    - 1. Winning through yardage is equivalent to winning by 6 points for tie breaker purposes.
- e. Change of Possession:
  - i. Change of possession takes place when Team A's forward progress is halted on downs or scores a touchdown.
  - ii. Team B takes possession on the same 5 yard line as Team A and advances in the same direction. Team B begins on the 5 yard line regardless of whether or not Team A's possession ended in an interception.
- f. Multiple OT periods:
  - i. First OT period – shown above:
    - 1. Scoring teams can go for 1 or 2 point PAT.
  - ii. Second OT Period:
    - 1. First possession goes to loser of regulation coin toss.
    - 2. Scoring teams must go for 2 point PAT.

## VIII. Scoring

**No standings or scores are recorded for public view.**

- 1. **Touchdown:** 6 points
- 2. **PAT (Point After Touchdown)** 1 point (5-yard line) or 2 points (12-yard line) Note: 1 point PAT is pass only, 2 point PAT can be run or pass.
  - a. A team that scores a touchdown must declare whether it wishes to attempt a 1-pt. conversion (from the 5-yard line) or a 2-pt. conversion (from the 12-yard line). Any change, once a decision is made to try for the extra point, requires a charged time out. Decision cannot be changed after a penalty. Interceptions on conversions cannot be returned.
- 3. **Safety:** 2 points
  - a. A Safety occurs when the ball carrier is declared down in his/her own end zone. They can be called down when their flags are pulled by a defensive player, their flag falls out, they step out of bounds or they hit the ground with their knee or arm. A Safety also occurs when there is an offensive penalty in the end zone. If a dead-ball takes place in the end zone it is ruled a safety



(for example – an errant snap goes over the head of the QB and the ball lands in the endzone. would be ruled a safety)

4. **Mercy Rule:** After one team is winning by twenty eight points or more, the losing team gets one offensive series to continue regulation play. If they do not score, the game goes into scrimmage mode playing the remainder of game time with no score kept.

5. **Scrimmage Mode:** Scrimmage mode continues until time expires.

## **IX. Coaches**

1. Coaches are typically volunteer parents or family members helping the players learn and enjoy the game. Parents are encouraged to support the coach at all time.
2. Coaches are allowed on the field to direct players according to need and division. Coaches, for 9-11 / 12-14, must move to the sidelines before the snap of the ball. (5-6 / 7-8 coaches can stay on the field but cannot interfere or “run with the play”)
3. Coaches are expected to adhere to FCPR and NFL FLAG powered by USA Football philosophies, coaching guidelines and codes of conduct.

## **X. Live Ball / Dead Ball**

1. The ball is live at the snap of the ball and remains live until the official whistles the ball dead.
2. The official will indicate the neutral zone and line of scrimmage. It is an automatic dead ball foul if any player on defense or offense enters the neutral zone. In regard to the neutral zone, the official may give both teams a “courtesy” neutral zone notification to allow their players to move back behind the line of scrimmage.
3. A player who gains possession in the air is considered in bounds as long as one foot comes down in the field of play.
4. The defense may not mimic the offensive team signals, by trying to confuse the offensive players, while the quarterback is calling out signals to start the play. This will result in an unsportsmanlike penalty.
5. Substitutions may be made on any dead ball.
6. Any official can whistle the play dead.
7. Play is ruled “dead” when:
  - a. The ball hits the ground.
  - b. The ball carrier’s flag is pulled.
  - c. The ball carrier steps out of bounds.
  - d. A touchdown, PAT or safety is scored.
  - e. The ball carrier’s knee or arm hits the ground.
  - f. The ball carrier’s flag falls out.



- g. The receiver catches the ball while in possession of one or no flag(s).
- h. The 7 second pass clock expires. (ref will give hand signal for each second)
- i. Inadvertent whistle.

NOTE: There are no fumbles. The ball is spotted where the ball carrier's feet were at the time of the fumble.

- 8. In the case of an inadvertent whistle, the offense has two options:
  - a. Take the ball where it was when the whistle blew and the down is consumed.
  - b. Replay the down from the original line of scrimmage.
- 9. Officials are charged with making judgment calls on many different plays and aspects of the game. Therefore the official(s) has the right to review his/her call or ruling prior to the next down played.

## **XI. Running**

- 1. The ball is spotted where the runner's feet are when the flag is pulled, not where the ball carrier has the ball.
- 2. The quarterback cannot directly run with the ball. The quarterback is the offensive player that receives the snap.
- 3. Only direct handoffs behind the line of scrimmage are permitted. Handoffs may be in front, behind, or to the side of the offensive player, but must be behind the line of scrimmage. The offense may use multiple handoffs.
  - a. "Center Sneak" play – The ball must completely leave the center's hands on the snap and he/she must step backwards off the line of scrimmage in order to receive a direct handoff from the QB before advancing the ball.
- 4. Absolutely NO laterals or pitches of any kind. A "screen pass" must be forward – receiver must be forward the LOS)
- 5. "No-Run Zones," located 5 yards before each end zone and 5 yards on either side of midfield are designed to avoid short-yardage power-running situations. Teams are not allowed to run in these zones if the subsequent line is LIVE. (Reminder: Each offensive squad approaches only TWO No-Run Zones in each drive – one 5 yards from midfield to gain the first down, and one 5 yards from the goal line to score a TD).
- 6. The player who takes the handoff can throw the ball from behind the line of scrimmage.
- 7. Once the ball has been handed off in front, behind or to the side of the quarterback, all defensive players are eligible to rush.
- 8. Runners may not leave their feet to advance the ball. Diving, leaping, or jumping to avoid a flag pull is considered flag guarding.
- 9. Spinning is allowed, but players cannot leave their feet to avoid a flag pull.

10. Runners may leave their feet if there is a clear indication that he/she has done so to avoid collision with another player without a flag guarding penalty enforced.
11. No blocking or “screening” is allowed at any time.
12. Offensive players must stop their motion once the ball has crossed the line of scrimmage. No running with the ball carrier. (Running down field with the ball carrier is considered screening and is illegal)
13. Flag Obstruction – All jerseys MUST be tucked in before play begins. The flags must be on the player’s hips and free from obstruction. Deliberately obstructed flags will be considered flag guarding.

## **XII. Passing**

1. All passes must be from behind the line of scrimmage, thrown forward and received beyond the line of scrimmage.
2. Shovel passes are allowed, but must be received beyond the line of scrimmage.
3. The quarterback has a seven-second “pass clock.” If a pass is not thrown within the seven seconds, play is dead, the down is consumed and the ball is returned to the line of scrimmage. Once the ball is handed off, the 7-second rule no longer is in effect.
  - a. If the QB is standing in the end zone at the end of the 7-second clock, the ball is returned to the line of scrimmage (LOS). (not ruled a safety)

## **XIII. Receiving**

1. All players are eligible to receive passes (including the quarterback, if the ball has been handed off behind the line of scrimmage).
2. Only one player is allowed in motion at a time. All motion must be parallel to the line of scrimmage and no motion is permitted towards the line of scrimmage.
3. A player must have at least one foot inbounds when making a reception.
4. In the case of simultaneous possession by both an offensive and defensive player, possession is awarded to the offense.
5. Interceptions change the possession of the ball at the point of interception. Interceptions are the only changes of possession that do not start on the 5-yard line.
6. Interceptions are returnable but not on conversions after touchdowns.

## **XIV. Rushing the Passer**

1. All players who rush the passer must be a minimum of seven yards from the line of scrimmage when the ball is snapped. Any number of players can rush the quarterback. Players not rushing the quarterback may defend on the line of scrimmage.
2. Once the ball is handed off, the seven-yard rule no longer is in effect and all defenders may go behind the line of scrimmage.
3. A special marker, or the referee, will designate a Rush Line seven yards from the line of scrimmage. Defensive players should verify they are in the correct position with the official on every play.
  - a. A legal rush is:
    - i. Any rush from a point 7 yards from the defensive line of scrimmage.
    - ii. A rush from anywhere on the field AFTER the ball has been handed off by the quarterback.
    - iii. If a rusher leaves the rush line early (breaks the 7 yard area), they may return to the rush line, reset and then legally rush the quarterback.
    - iv. If a rusher leaves the rush line early and the ball is handed off before they cross the line of scrimmage, they may legally rush the quarterback.
  - b. A penalty may be called if:
    - i. The rusher leaves the rush line before the snap crosses the line of scrimmage before a handoff or pass – Illegal Rush (5 yards LOS and first down).
    - ii. Any defensive player crosses the line of scrimmage before the ball is snapped – Offside (5 yards LOS and first down).
    - iii. Any defensive player, not lined up at the rush line crosses the line of scrimmage before the ball is passed or handed off – Illegal Rush (5 yards LOS and first down).
  - c. Special circumstances:
    - i. Teams are not required to rush the quarterback, seven second clock in effect.
    - ii. Teams are not required to identify their rusher before the play, however if they do send a rusher, the rusher must check in with the official.
    - iii. If rusher leaves the 7-yard line before the snap, he/she may immediately drop back to act as defender with no offside penalty enforced.
4. Players rushing the quarterback may attempt to block a pass; however, NO contact can be made with the quarterback in any way. Blocking the pass or attempting to block the pass and then making contact with the passer will result in a roughing the passer penalty.
5. The offense cannot impede the rusher in any way. The rusher has the right to a clear path to the quarterback, regardless of where they line up prior to the snap. If the “path or line” is occupied by a moving offensive player, then it is the offense’s responsibility to avoid the rusher. Any disruption to the rusher’s path and/or contact will result in an impeding the rusher penalty. If the offensive player does not move after the snap, then it is the rusher’s responsibility to go around the offensive player and to avoid contact.
6. A sack occurs if the quarterback’s flags are pulled behind the line of scrimmage. The ball is placed where the quarterback’s feet are when flag is pulled.
  - a. A Safety is awarded if the sack takes place in the offensive team’s end zone.

## **XV. Flag Pulling**

1. A legal flag pull takes place when the ball carrier is in full possession of the ball.
2. Defenders can dive to pull flags, but cannot tackle, hold or run through the ball carrier when pulling flags.
3. It is illegal to attempt to strip or pull the ball from the ball carrier's possession at any time.
4. If a player's flag inadvertently falls off during the play, the player is down immediately upon possession of the ball and the play ends.
5. A defensive player may not intentionally pull the flags off of a player who is not in possession of the ball.
6. Flag guarding is an attempt by the ball carrier to obstruct the defender's access to the flags by stiff arming, dropping the head, hand, arm or shoulder, or intentionally covering the flags with the football jersey.

## **XVI. Formations**

1. Offense must have a minimum of one player on the line of scrimmage (the center) and up to four players on the line of scrimmage. The quarterback must be off the line of scrimmage.
  - a. One player at a time may go in motion 1-yard behind and parallel to the line of scrimmage.
  - b. No motion is allowed towards the line of scrimmage.
2. Offensive players must come to a complete stop for one second before the ball is snapped unless he/she is the only player in motion.
3. Movement by a player who is set or a player who runs toward the line of scrimmage while in motion is considered a false start.
4. The center must snap the ball with a rapid and continuous motion between his/her legs to a player in the backfield, and the ball must completely leave his/her hands. For the 5-6 and 7-8 age levels the ball may be snapped off to the side.

## **XVII. Unsportsmanlike Conduct**

1. If the field monitor or referee witnesses any acts of intentional tackling, elbowing, cheap shots, blocking or any unsportsmanlike act, the game will be stopped and the player will be ejected from the game. The decision is made at the referee's discretion. No appeals will be considered. **FOUL PLAY WILL NOT BE TOLERATED!**
2. Offensive or confrontational language is illegal. Officials have the right to determine offensive language. If offensive or confrontational language occurs, the referee will give one warning. If it continues, the player or players will be ejected from the game.

3. Players may not physically or verbally abuse any opponent, coach or official.
4. Ball carriers MUST make an effort to avoid defenders with an established position.
5. Defenders are not allowed to run through the ball carrier when pulling flags.
6. Fans must also adhere to good sportsmanship, as well:
  - a. Yell to cheer on your players, not to harass officials or other teams.
  - b. Keep comments clean and profanity free.
  - c. Compliment ALL players, not just one child or team.
7. Fans are required to keep fields safe and kids friendly:
  - a. Keep younger kids and equipment such as coolers, chairs and tents a minimum of 10 yards off the field in the end zone area.
  - b. Stay in the end zone or sideline area, not between fields.

## **XVIII. Penalties**

### **i. General**

1. The referee will call all penalties.
2. Referees determine incidental contact that may result from normal run of play.
3. All penalties will be assessed from the line of scrimmage, except as noted. (spot fouls)
4. Only the team captain or head coach may ask the referee questions about rule clarification and interpretations. Players may not question judgment calls.
5. Games may not end on a defensive penalty, unless the offense declines it.
6. Penalties are assessed live ball then dead ball. Live ball penalties must be assessed before play is considered complete.
7. Penalties will be assessed half the distance to the goal yardage when the penalty yardage is more than half the distance to the goal.

### **ii. Spot Fouls**

Defensive Pass Interference	Automatic First Down
Holding	Automatic First Down
Stripping	+ 10 yards & Automatic First Down
Defensive Unnecessary Roughness	+ 10 yards & Automatic First Down
Screening, Blocking or Running with the Ball Carrier	- 5 yards & Automatic First Down
Charging	-10 yards & Automatic First Down
Flag Guarding	-10 yards & Automatic First Down
Offensive Unnecessary Roughness	-10 yards & Automatic First Down

### iii. Defensive Penalties

Offside	+ 5 yards from LOS & Automatic First Down
Illegal Rush (starting rush from inside 7-yd mark)	+ 5 yards from LOS & Automatic First Down
Illegal Flag Pull (before receiver has ball)	+ 5 yards from LOS & Automatic First Down
Roughing the Passer	+ 10 yards from LOS & Automatic First Down
Taunting	+ 10 yards from LOS & Automatic First Down
Defensive Pass Interference	SPOT FOUL, Automatic First Down
Holding	SPOT FOUL, Automatic First Down
Stripping	SPOT FOUL +10 yards and Automatic First Down
Defensive Unnecessary Roughness	SPOT FOUL +10 yards and Automatic First Down

### iv. Offensive Penalties

Offside / False Start	- 5 yards from LOS & Loss of Down
Illegal Forward Pass (pass received behind the LOS or QB throws after stepping across LOS)	- 5 yards from LOS & Loss of Down
Offensive Pass Interference	- 5 yards from LOS & Loss of Down
Illegal Motion (more than 1 player moving)	- 5 yards from LOS & Loss of Down
Delay of game	- 5 yards from LOS & Loss of Down
Impeding the rusher	- 5 yards from LOS & Loss of Down
Screening, blocking or running with ball carrier	- 5 yards from LOS & Loss of Down
Charging	SPOT FOUL -10 yards and Automatic First Down
Flag Guarding	SPOT FOUL -10 yards and Automatic First Down
Offensive Unnecessary Roughness	SPOT FOUL -10 yards and Automatic First Down

## Cancellation and Weather related information

Games are played rain or shine. However, certain inclement weather situations may cause us to postpone and/or cancel games. When inclement weather is forecasted you should call our **Program Status Line (see below)** before leaving for your game location.

**Program Status Line 301.600.6291** (updated only if a program or game is cancelled. We do not update the line to let you know if games are running. If the cancellation does not state it is cancelled then it is running as scheduled)

## League Director

Eric Appel

w 301.600.1784 / c 240.674.2386 / e [eappel@frederickcountymd.gov](mailto:eappel@frederickcountymd.gov)